Forward For all.

Third Quarter 2024

November 1, 2024





Louis Tonelli

Vice President, Investor Relations



Forward Looking Statements



Certain statements in this presentation and accompanying document constitute "forward-looking information" or "forward-looking statements" (collectively, "forward-looking statements"). Any such forward-looking statements are intended to provide information about management's current expectations and plans and may not be appropriate for other purposes. Forward-looking statements may include financial and other projections, as well as statements regarding our future plans, strategic objectives or economic performance, or the assumptions underlying any of the foregoing, and other statements that are not recitations of historical fact. We use words such as "may", "would", "should", "will", "likely", "expect", "anticipate", "assume", "believe", "intend", "plan", "aim", "forecast", "outlook", "project", "potential", "estimate", "target" and similar expressions suggesting future outcomes or events to identify forward-looking statements. The following table identifies the material forward-looking statements contained in this presentation and accompanying document, together with the material potential risks that we currently believe could cause actual results to differ materially from such forward-looking statements. Readers should also consider all of the risk factors which follow below the table:

Material Forward-Looking Statement	Material Potential Risks Related to Applicable Forward-Looking Statement				
Light Vehicle Production	Light vehicle sales levels				
	Production disruptions, including as a result of labour strikes				
	Supply disruptions				
	Production allocation decisions by OEMs				
	Free trade arrangements and tariffs				
	Relative currency values				
	Commodities prices				
	Availability and relative cost of skilled labour				
Consolidated Sales	Same risks as for Light Vehicle Production above				
Segment Sales	The impact of elevated interest rates and availability of credit on consumer confidence and in turn vehicle sales and production				
	The impact of deteriorating vehicle affordability on consumer demand, and in turn vehicle sales and production				
	Alignment of our product mix with production demand				
	Customer concentration				
	Shifts in market shares among vehicles or vehicle segments				
	Shifts in consumer "take rates" for products we sell				
Adjusted EBIT Margin, Free Cash Flow, CapEx,	Same risks as for Consolidated Sales and Segment Sales above				
Net Income Attributable to Magna, Target	Successful execution of critical program launches				
Leverage Ratio / Adj. Debt to Adj. EBITDA Ratio,	Operational underperformance				
Capital Allocation, Dividend Growth, Ability to	Product warranty/recall risks				
Repurchase Shares and Relative Spending on	Restructuring costs				
Investment and Capital Return	Impairments				
,	Inflationary pressures				
	Our ability to secure cost recoveries from customers and/or otherwise offset higher input costs				
	Price concessions				
	Risks of conducting business with newer EV-focused OEMs				
	Commodity cost volatility				
	Scrap steel price volatility				
	Higher labour costs				
	Tax risks				
	Acquisition integration and synergies				
Equity Income	Same risks as Adjusted EBIT Margin, Free Cash Flow, CapEx, Net Income Attributable to Magna, Target Leverage Ratio / Adj. Debt to Adj. EBITDA Ratio, Capital Allocation, Dividend Growth,				
	Ability to Repurchase Shares and Relative Spending on Investment and Capital Return above				
	Risks related to conducting business through joint ventures				
	Risks of doing business in foreign markets				
	Legal and regulatory proceedings				
	Changes in laws				
	1				

Forward Looking Statements (cont.)



Forward-looking statements are based on information currently available to us and are based on assumptions and analyses made by us in light of our experience and our perception of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments, as well as other factors we believe are appropriate in the circumstances. While we believe we have a reasonable basis for making any such forward-looking statements, they are not a guarantee of future performance or outcomes. In addition to the factors in the table above, whether actual results and developments conform to our expectations and predictions is subject to a number of risks, assumptions, and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control, and the effects of which can be difficult to predict, including, without limitation:

Macroeconomic, Geopolitical and Other Risks

- · inflationary pressures;
- · interest rates:
- · geopolitical risks;

Risks Related to the Automotive Industry

- · economic cyclicality;
- · regional production volume declines:
- · deteriorating vehicle affordability;
- · misalignment between EV production and sales;
- · intense competition:

Strategic Risks

- · alignment with "Car of the Future":
- · evolving business risk profile;
- technology and innovation:
- · investments in mobility and technology companies;

Customer-Related Risks

- · customer concentration;
- complete vehicle assembly business:
- growth with Asian OEMs;
- growth of EV-focused OEMs;
- risks of conducting business with newer EV-focused OEMs:
- · dependence on outsourcing;
- customer cooperation and consolidation:
- program cancellations, deferrals and reductions in production volumes;
- market shifts:
- · consumer take rate shifts:
- quarterly sales fluctuations:
- customer purchase orders:
- potential OEM production-related disruptions;

Supply Chain Risks

- semiconductor chip supply disruptions and price increases;
- supply chain disruptions:
- regional energy supply and pricing;
- · supply base condition;

Manufacturing/Operational Risks

- product launch:
- operational underperformance:
- · restructuring costs;
- impairments:
- · labour disruptions;
- skilled labour attraction/retention:
- · leadership expertise and succession:

Pricina Risks

- · quote/pricing assumptions;
- · customer pricing pressure/contractual arrangements;
- commodity cost volatility:
- · scrap steel/aluminum price volatility;

Warranty/Recall Risks

- repair/replace costs;
- · warranty provisions;
- · product liability;

Climate Change Risks

- transition risks and physical risks:
- · strategic and other risks:

IT Security/Cybersecurity Risks

- IT/cybersecurity breach;
- · product cybersecurity;

Acquisition Risks

- · acquisition of strategic targets;
- · inherent merger and acquisition risks;
- · acquisition integration and synergies;

Other Business Risks

- ioint ventures:
- · intellectual property;
- · risks of doing business in foreign markets;
- relative foreign exchange rates;
- · currency devaluation in Argentina;
- pension risks;
- tax risks;
- · returns on capital investments;
- · financial flexibility;
- · credit ratings changes;
- stock price fluctuation:
- · dividends;

Legal, Regulatory and Other Risks

- · antitrust proceedings;
- · legal and regulatory proceedings;
- claims arising from Fisker bankruptcy;
- · changes in laws;
- trade agreements;
- · trade disputes/tariffs;
- · increasing trade protectionism; and
- · environmental compliance.

In evaluating forward-looking statements or forward-looking information, we caution readers not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statement. Additionally, readers should specifically consider the various factors which could cause actual events or results to differ materially from those indicated by such forward-looking statements, including the risks, assumptions and uncertainties above which are:

- · discussed under the "Industry Trends and Risks" heading of our Management's Discussion and Analysis; and
- set out in our Annual Information Form filed with securities commissions in Canada, our annual report on Form 40-F with the United States Securities and Exchange commission, and subsequent filings.

Readers should also consider discussion of our risk mitigation activities with respect to certain risk factors, which can be also found in our Annual Information Form. Additional information about Magna, including our Annual Information Form, is available through the System for Electronic Data Analysis and Retrieval + (SEDAR+) at www.sedarplus.ca, as well as on the United States Securities and Exchange Commission's Electronic Data Gathering, Analysis and Retrieval System (EDGAR), which can be accessed at www.sec.gov.



Reminders

All amounts are in U.S. Dollars.

Today's discussion excludes the impact of other expense (income), net ("Unusual Items") and amortization of acquired intangible assets. Please refer to the reconciliation of Non-GAAP measures in our press release dated November 1, 2024 for further information.

"Organic", in the context of sales movements, means "excluding the impact of foreign exchange, acquisitions and divestitures".

Weighted Sales Growth over Market (GoM) compares organic sales growth (%) to vehicle production change (%) after applying Magna geographic sales weighting, excluding Complete Vehicles, to regional production.



Swamy Kotagiri

Chief Executive Officer



Key Takeaways



- Solid Q3, 2024 operating performance
 - 5.8% Adjusted EBIT margin, in-line with Q3, 2023 despite lower vehicle production
- Ontinue to expect 2024 margin expansion
 - Operational excellence initiatives remain on track (+75 bps for '24-'25)
 - Benefits of ongoing restructuring activities, reduced engineering spend
 - Expect 5.4%-5.5% range for Adjusted EBIT Margin
- Ontinued focus on free cash flow generation and capital discipline
 - Capital spending reduction (additional ~\$100M, now up to \$300M for '24)
 - Maintaining free cash flow outlook
- Confident in our expected free cash flow growth beyond 2024
 - Planning to restart meaningful share repurchases in Q4, 2024

Q3 2024 Financial Snapshot



\$10.3B

\$594M

Adjusted Diluted EPS \$1.28

\$174M

- Lower light vehicle production (LVP) in NA, EU and China, divestiture of India metalforming; offset by new program launches
- +1% weighted sales GoM
- Increase of \$17M from Q2, 2024 despite lower sequential LVP in all key regions
- Q3, 2024 income tax rate of 27.2% (vs 21.9% '23) → impact of ~10 cents
- Lower EBIT

Strong year over year increase reflects continued capital discipline



Long-Term Capital Allocation Principles Unchanged

Maintain Strong Balance Sheet

- Preserve liquidity and high investment grade credit ratings
 - Adj. debt to Adj. EBITDA ratio between 1.0-1.5x
- Maintain investment flexibility

Invest for Growth

- Organic and inorganic opportunities
- Innovation

Return Capital to Shareholders

- Continued dividend growth over time
- Repurchase shares with excess liquidity

Maintaining Strong Balance Sheet



TOTAL LIQUIDITY (30SEP24) (\$Millions)	
Cash	1,061
Available Term & Operating Lines of Credit	2,672
Total Liquidity	3,733

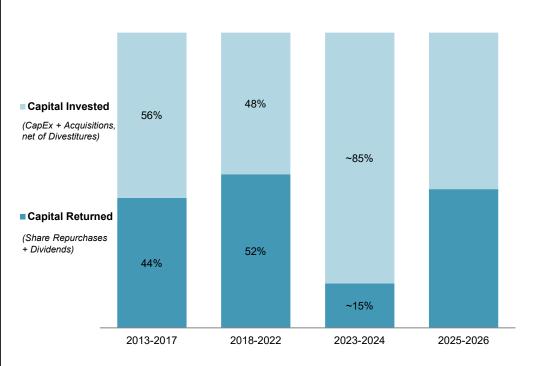
LEVERAGE RATIO (LTM, 30SEP24) (\$Millions)	
Adjusted Debt	7,711
Adjusted EBITDA	3,999
Adjusted Debt / Adjusted EBITDA	1.93

Investment-grade ratings from Moody's, S&P, DBRS

Capital Allocation Normalizing with Increasing Shareholder Returns



Capital Invested vs. Capital Returned to Shareholders



• 2013 to 2023:

- Capital Invested and Returned to Shareholders ~\$35 billion
 - Capital Invested through CapEx & Acquisitions, net of Divestitures ~\$20 billion
 - Acquisitions, net of Divestitures < \$2B
 - Capital Returned through Share Repurchase and Dividends ~\$15 billion
- Following period of elevated Investment in 2023-2024, expect Capital Allocation profile to normalize beginning in 2025

Meaningfully Increasing Return of Capital to Shareholders



- Demonstrating confidence in expected free cash flow growth
 - Optimizing value creation
- Normal Course Issuer Bid
 - Ability to purchase up to 10% of Magna's public float, or over 28 million shares
 - Expires in November 2025
- Expect to restart meaningful share repurchases in Q4, 2024
- Share repurchases are in addition to ongoing quarterly dividend

Continued Flexibility Support Future Growth and Return of Capital to Shareholders



Pat McCann

MAGNA

Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer

Q3 2024 Performance Summary



Consolidated Sales

\$10.3B

-4%

Weighted Sales GoM¹ of 1%

(1% excl. Complete Vehicles)

Adjusted Diluted EPS

\$1.28

Adjusted EBIT

5.8%

Unchanged

\$594M

-3%

Free Cash Flow²

\$174M

Other highlights



Paid \$138M in dividends



'24 Outlook: Lowering Capital Spending, Maintaining FCF range

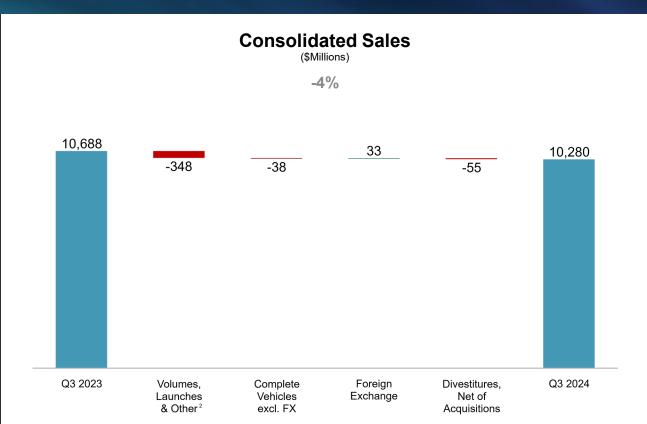


Recognized \$196M of Other Income from Fisker deferred revenue

¹ Weighted Growth over Market (GoM) compares organic sales growth (%) to vehicle production change (%) after applying Magna geographic sales weighting, excluding Complete Vehicles, to regional production ² Free Cash Flow (FCF) is Cash from Operations plus Proceeds from normal course Dispositions of fixed and other assets minus Fixed Asset Additions and Increase in Investment in other assets O3 2024 Results

Q3 2024 Financial Results





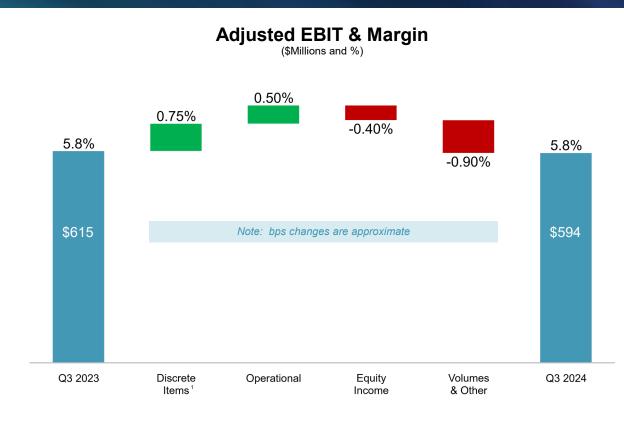
Q3 2024 LV PRODUC	TION				
Global	-4%				
North America	-6%				
Detroit-based	-12%				
Europe	-2%				
China	-6%				
Magna Weighted	-5%				
Weighted Sales GoM¹ 1% (1% excl. Complete Vehicles)					

¹ Weighted Sales Growth over Market (GoM) compares organic sales growth (%) to vehicle production change (%) after applying Magna geographic sales weighting, excluding Complete Vehicles, to regional production ² Includes customer price increases to recover certain higher production input costs and net customer price concessions

Q3 2024 Results

Q3 2024 Financial Results





Discrete Items¹

- Higher net favourable commercial items (+)
- Higher net warranty costs (-)
- Supply chain premiums, partially as a result of a supplier bankruptcy (-)

Operational

- Operational excellence activities driving productivity and efficiency improvements (+)
- Higher net input costs (-)
- Higher new facility and launch costs (-)

Equity Income

- Lower net favourable commercial items (-)
- Reduced sales and unfavourable product mix (-)
- Lower launch costs (+)

(each with respect to certain equity-accounted entities)

Volumes & Other

- Reduced earnings on lower sales (-)
- Lower vehicle assembly volumes (-)
- UAW labour strike in Q3 2023 (+)

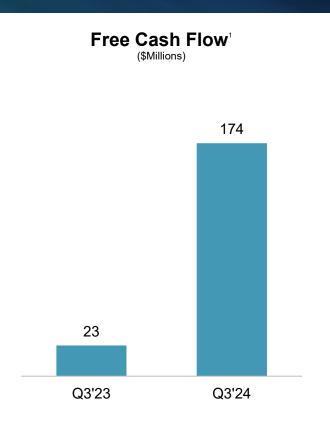
Q3 2024 Financial Results



(\$Millions, unless otherwise noted)	Q3 2023	Q3 2024	CHANGE
Sales	10,688	10,280	(408)
Adjusted EBIT	615 5.8%	594 5.8%	(21)
Interest Expense	49	54	(5)
Adjusted Pre-Tax Income	566	540	(26)
Adjusted Income Taxes	(124) 21.9%	(147) 27.2%	(23)
Income Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests	(23)	(24)	(1)
Adjusted Net Income Attributable to Magna	419	369	(50)
Diluted Shares Outstanding (millions of shares)	286.8	287.3	0.5
Adjusted Diluted EPS (\$)	1.46	1.28	(0.18)

Q3 2024 Cash Flow and Investment Activities





(\$Millions)	Q3 2023	Q3 2024
Cash from Operations Before Changes in Operating Assets & Liabilities	821	785
Changes in Operating Assets & Liabilities	(24)	(58)
Cash from Operations	797	727
Fixed Asset Additions	(630)	(476)
Increase in Investments, Other Assets and Intangible Assets	(176)	(115)
Proceeds from Dispositions	32	38
Investment Activities	(774)	(553)
FREE CASH FLOW ¹	23	174

KEY SOURCES (USES) OF CASH		
Net Repayment of Debt	(135)	(47)
Public and Private Equity Investments	(7)	(1)
Dividends paid	(128)	(138)

Updated 2024 Outlook – Key Assumptions



	2023	AUGUST 2024	NOVEMBER 2024
Light Vehicle Production (millions of units)			
North America	15.6	15.7	15.4
• Europe	17.5	17.1	16.9
• China	29.2	29.0	28.9
Foreign Exchange Rates			
1 CDN dollar equals USD	0.742	0.733	0.736
• 1 EURO equals USD	1.082	1.080	1.088
• 1 RMB equals USD	0.141	0.138	0.139

Changed from previous Outlook

Updated 2024 Outlook



(\$Billions, unless otherwise noted)	2023	AUGUST 2024	NOVEMBER 2024
Total Sales	42.8	42.5 – 44.1	42.2 – 43.2
Adjusted EBIT Margin % ¹	5.2%	5.4% - 5.8%	5.4% - 5.5%
Equity Income	112M	100M – 130M	80M – 105M
Interest Expense	156M	~220M	~220M
Income Tax Rate ²	21.0%	~22%	~23%
Adjusted Net Income Attributable to Magna ³	1.572	1.5 – 1.7	1.45 – 1.55
Capital Spending	2.500	2.3 – 2.4	2.2 – 2.3
Free Cash Flow⁴	0.209	0.6 - 0.8	0.6 - 0.8

Changed from previous Outlook

Maintaining Free Cash Flow Range

¹ Adjusted EBIT Margin is the ratio of Adjusted EBIT to Total Sales

² Income Tax Rate has been calculated using Adjusted EBIT and is based on current tax legislation

³ Adjusted Net Income Attributable to Magna represents Net Income excluding Other expense (income), net, and Amortization of acquired Intangibles

Free Cash Flow (FCF) is Cash from Operations plus Proceeds from normal course Dispositions of fixed and other assets minus Fixed Asset Additions and Increase in Investment in other assets Q3 2024 Results



2024 Summary

Solid Q3 operating performance

Continued focus on margin expansion, capital discipline and FCF generation

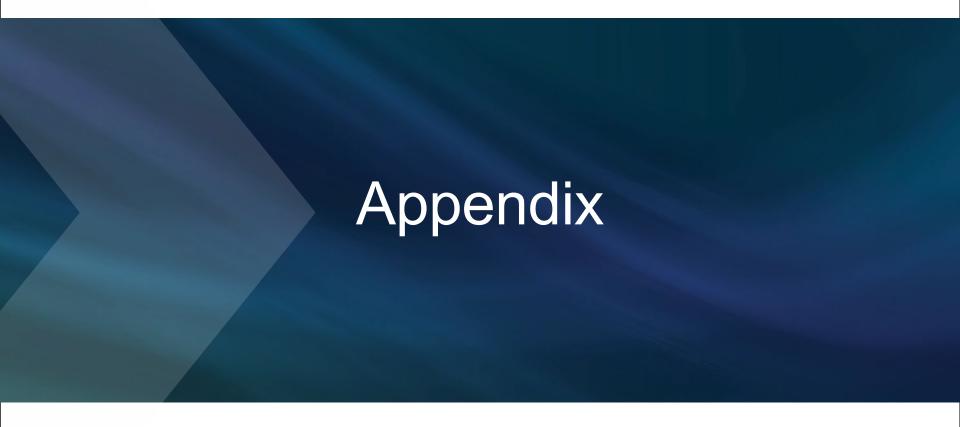
2024 Outlook:

- Reducing Sales range, reflecting lower LVP
- Expect 5.4% 5.5% Adjusted EBIT Margin
- Lowering CapEx
- Maintaining Free Cash Flow

Planning to restart meaningful share buybacks in Q4, optimizing value creation

Continuing to Mitigate Market Challenges





Q3 2024 Reconciliation of Reported Results



Excluding: (1) Other Expense (Income), Net and (2) Amortization of Acquired Intangible Assets \$Millions, except for share figures	Rep	orted	(1)	(2)	Adjı	usted
Income Before Income Taxes % of Sales	\$	700 6.8%	\$ (188)	\$	28	\$	540 5.3%
Income Tax Expense % of Pretax	\$	192 27.4%	\$ (51)	\$	6	\$	147 27.2 %
Income Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests	\$	(24)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	(24)
Adjusted Net Income Attributable to Magna ¹	\$	484	\$ (137)	\$	22	\$	369
Adjusted Diluted Earnings Per Share	\$	1.68	\$ (0.48)	\$	0.08	\$	1.28

Q3 2023 Reconciliation of Reported Results



Excluding: (1) Other Expense (Income), Net and (2) Amortization of Acquired Intangible Assets \$Millions, except for share figures	Rep	orted	(1)	(2	2)	Adjı	usted
Income Before Income Taxes % of Sales	\$	538 5.0%	\$	(4)	\$	32	\$	566 5.3%
Income Tax Expense % of Pretax	\$	121 22.5%	\$	(4)	\$	7	\$	124 21.9 %
Income Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests	\$	(23)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(23)
Adjusted Net Income Attributable to Magna ¹	\$	394	\$	-	\$	25	\$	419
Adjusted Diluted Earnings Per Share	\$	1.37	\$	-	\$	0.09	\$	1.46

Sales Performance vs Market



Q3 2024 vs Q3 2023

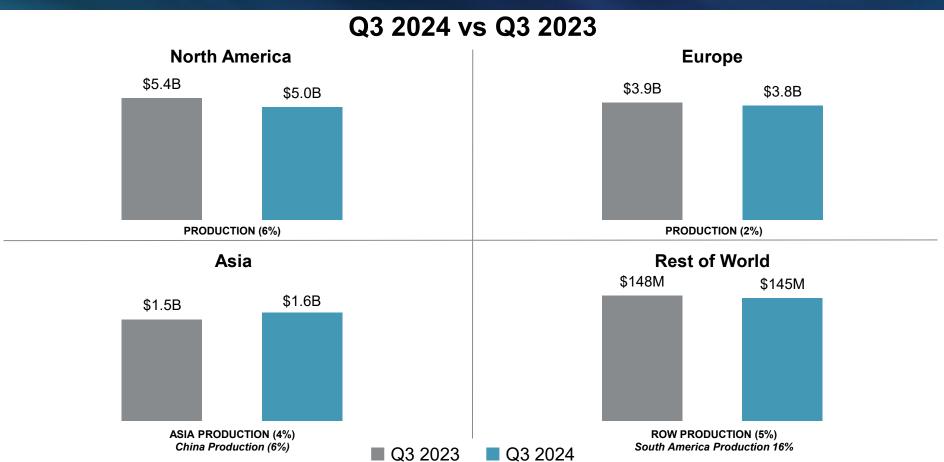
			Performance vs Weighted Global Production
	Reported	Organic ¹	(Weighted GoM)
Body Exteriors & Structures	(7%)	(6%)	(1%)
Power & Vision	(2%)	2%	7%
Seating Systems	(10%)	(10%)	(5%)
Complete Vehicles	(2%)	(3%)	2%
TOTAL SALES	(4%)	(4%)	1%
Unweighted Production Growth	(4%)		
Weighted Production Growth ²	(5%)		

¹ Organic Sales represents sales excluding acquisitions net of divestitures and FX movements

² Calculated by applying Magna geographic sales weighting, excluding Complete Vehicles, to regional production

Geographic Sales





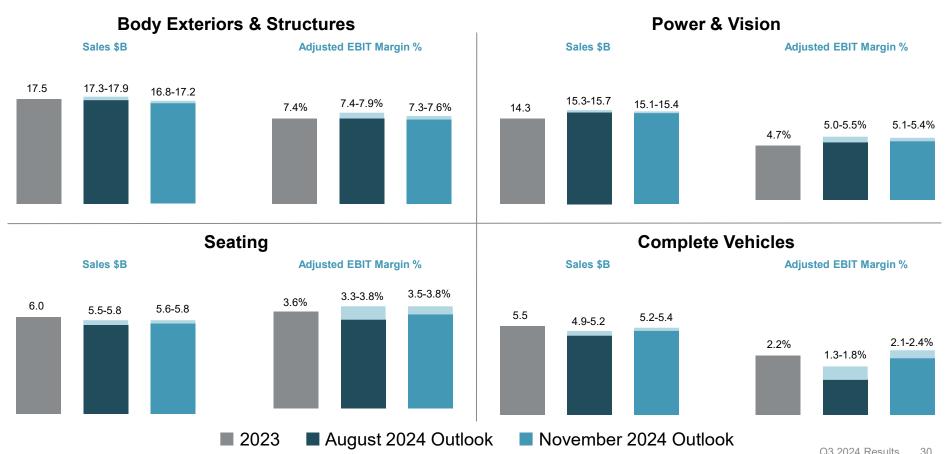
Segment Impact on Adjusted EBIT % of Sales A MAGNA

Q3 2024 vs Q3 2023

(\$Millions)	Sales	Adjusted EBIT	Adjusted EBIT as a Percentage of Sales
3 rd Quarter of 2023	\$ 10,688	\$ 615	5.8%
Increase (Decrease) Related to:			
Body Exteriors & Structures	\$ (316)	\$ (85)	(0.6%)
Power & Vision	\$ 92	\$ 58	0.5%
Seating Systems	\$ (150)	\$ (19)	(0.1%)
Complete Vehicles	\$ (26)	\$ 32	0.3%
Corporate and Other	\$ (8)	\$ (7)	(0.1%)
3 rd Quarter of 2024	\$ 10,280	\$ 594	5.8%

2024 Segment Sales & Adjusted EBIT Margin





Capital Allocation Principles



			Q3 2024
Maintain Strong	 Preserve liquidity and high investment grade credit ratings 		
Balance Sheet	- Adj. debt / Adj. EBITDA ratio between 1.0-1.5x	LTM 30SEP24	1.93x
Balarios Oricot	 Maintain flexibility to invest for growth 		
Invest for	Organic and inorganic opportunities	Fixed asset additions Other investments	\$ 476M \$ 115M
Growth	 Innovation 		
Return Capital	Continued dividend growth over time		\$ 138M
to Shareholders	Repurchase shares with excess liquidity		planning re-start in Q4, 2024

Disciplined, Profitable Approach to Growth Remains a Foundational Principle

Leverage Ratio Q3 2024



(\$Millions)	
LTM EBITDA	\$3,704
Credit Rating Agency Adjustments	295
Adjusted EBITDA	\$3,999
Debt per Balance Sheet	\$7,586
Credit Rating Agency Adjustments	125
Adjusted Debt	\$7,711
Adjusted Debt / Adjusted EBITDA Ratio (Q3 2024)	1.93x